

From HW (Solving Equations)

$$1 \text{ d) } 4x + 3.5 = 7.5$$

$$4x = 4$$

$$x = 1$$

$$4 \text{ h) } -4 - 5x = 15$$

$$\frac{-5x}{-5} = \frac{19}{-5}$$

$$x = -\frac{19}{5} \text{ or } -\frac{19}{5} \text{ or } \frac{19}{-5}$$

$$i) -9 = 20 - 5n$$

$$\frac{-29}{-5} = \frac{-5n}{-5}$$

$$\frac{29}{5} = n$$

$$2 d) \quad 5(m+2) - 3(m+3) = 5(m-1)$$

$$5m + 10 - 3m - 9 = 5m - 5$$

$$2m + 1 = 5m - 5$$

$$-3m + 1 = -5$$

$$\frac{-3m}{-3} = \frac{-6}{-3}$$

$$m = 2$$

$$5 b) \quad 12 \left( \frac{b-3}{4} + \frac{5b-2}{3} = 1 \right)$$

$$3(b-3) + 4(5b-2) = 12$$

$$3b - 9 + 20b - 8 = 12$$

$$23b - 17 = 12$$

$$\frac{23b}{23} = \frac{29}{23}$$

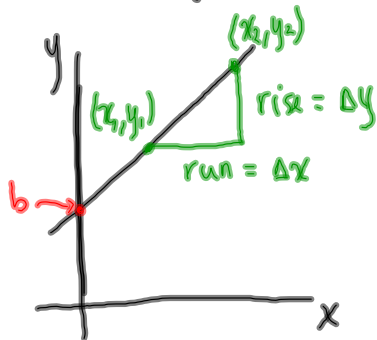
$$b = \frac{29}{23}$$

# Review of Linear Equations

$$\left. \begin{aligned} y &= 2x + 5 \\ y &= -5x + 1 \\ y &= \frac{2}{3}x + 2 \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} &\text{These are all linear equations} \\ &\text{in the form of} \\ &y = \textcircled{m}x + \textcircled{b} \end{aligned}$$

↑ Slope      ↑ y-intercept.

$3x + 4y = 7$  ← also linear  
but not in  $y = mx + b$  form



Slope =  $\frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$

Slope =  $\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$

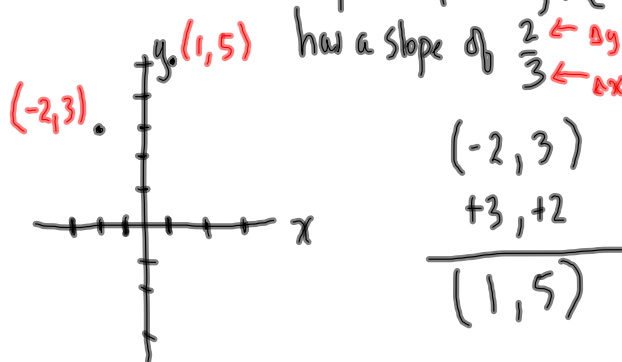
Slope =  $\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

Example Slope of  $\frac{\textcircled{2}}{\textcircled{3}}$  ⇒ When  $x$  increases by 3,  $y$  increases by 2.

Slope of  $-\frac{1}{2}$  ⇒ when  $x$  increases by 2,  $y$  decreases by 1

Slope of  $\frac{5}{1}$  ⇒ when  $x$  increases by 1,  $y$  increases by 5.

Example A line passing through  $(-2, 3)$  and  $(1, 5)$  has a slope of  $\frac{2}{3}$



$$\begin{array}{r} (-2, 3) \\ +3, +2 \\ \hline (1, 5) \end{array}$$

## Sketching the Graph of a Linear Equation

Example: graph  $2x - 5y = 20$

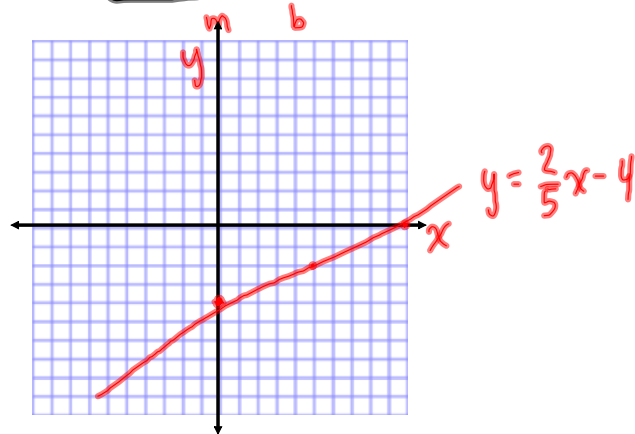
① Rearrange into  $y = mx + b$  form:

$$2x - 5y = 20$$

$$\frac{-5y}{-5} = \frac{20 - 2x}{-5}$$

$$y = -4 + \frac{2}{5}x$$

$$y = \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)x - 4$$



② Intercepts (use the x and y-intercepts)

$$2x - 5y = 20$$

To find the x-intercept,  $y = 0$

$$2x - 5(0) = 20$$

$$2x = 20$$

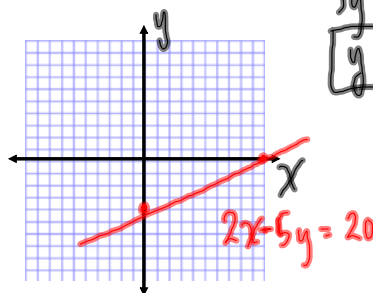
$$x = 10$$

To find the y-intercept,  $x = 0$

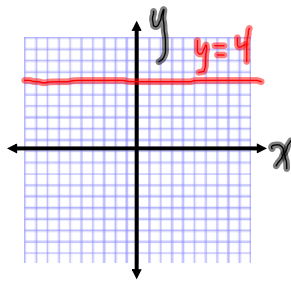
$$2(0) - 5y = 20$$

$$-5y = 20$$

$$y = -4$$

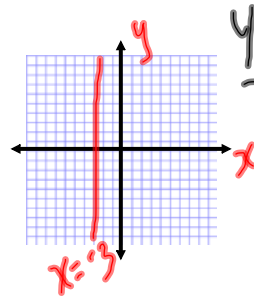


Is  $y=4$  a linear equation?



Yes,....  
the equation  
represents  
a line

Is  $x=-3$  a linear equation?



Yes!

Example Find the equation of a line that passes through  $(2,5)$  and has a slope of 3.  
(x,y)

$$y = mx + b$$

$$5 = 3(2) + b$$

$$5 = 6 + b$$

$$\boxed{b = -1}$$

$$\boxed{m = 3} \Rightarrow y = mx + b$$

$$\boxed{y = 3x - 1}$$

Example

Find the equation of a line passing through  $(2,6)$  and  $(-1,8)$

① Find the slope:

$$m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$m = \frac{8 - 6}{-1 - 2}$$

$$m = \frac{2}{-3}$$

$$\boxed{m = -\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$\boxed{y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{22}{3}}$$

② Find b:

$$y = mx + b$$

$$6 = -\frac{2}{3}(2) + b$$

$$6 = -\frac{4}{3} + b$$

$$6 + \frac{4}{3} = b$$

$$\frac{18}{3} + \frac{4}{3} = b$$

$$\boxed{\frac{22}{3} = b}$$

Example

Find the equation of a line with an  $x$ -intercept of  $-4$   
and a  $y$ -intercept of  $2$ .  
( $b=2$ )

$$m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

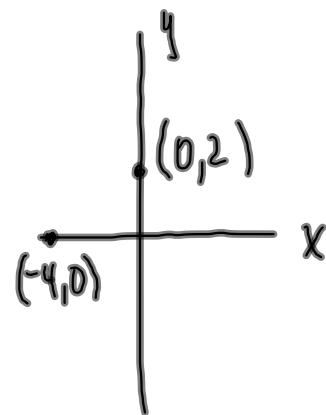
$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$m = \frac{2 - 0}{0 - (-4)}$$

$$m = \frac{2}{4}$$

$$m = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$b = 2$$



$$y = mx + b$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 2$$